Syllabus

Module title:	Veterinary pharmacology - Module 1	ECTS	4
Polish translation:	Farmakologia weterynaryjna - Moduł 1		
Course:	Veterinary Medicine		

Module lan	guage:	English			Stage:		1
Form of studies:		Type of module:	⊠ basic □ directional	⊠ mandatory □ elective	Semester: 5		☑ winter semester☐ summer semester
Academic year:			2022/2023	Catalogue number:	FVM-JMSS-05W-B37- 22		

Module coordinator:		dr n. wet. Wojciech Karlik					
Teachers responsible for the module:		Academic teachers of the Institute of veterinary medicine; Department of preclinical sciences. PhD students in accordance to the internal legal acts; visiting professors; other specialists in the field of study					
Objectives of the module:		Familiarization with general pharmacology (mechanisms of action of drugs at the molecular, cellular, organ and whole organism levels, pharmacokinetics, drug interactions) and detailed pharmacology of organ-acting drugs (characteristics of selected veterinary drugs representing individual anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification groups - ACTVet). Understanding with the classification of active substances used in the treatment of animals. Knowledge of the basics of veterinary pharmacotherapy (indications, contraindications, side effects and interactions of drugs, in different species of animals).					
Teaching forms, number of hours:		Lectures: 30 hours Seminars: 30 hours					
Teaching methods Formal prerequisit		Lecture - multimedia presentation prepared by academic teachers Seminars - Students' own work (independent or in groups) on solving the proposentations prepared by students in the form of a short lecture; discussion Consultation - 1 hour / week. Detailed organization of consultations will be course at the beginning of semester. Subjects with which the student must have a positive assessment: animal proposition processing the proposition of consultations will be course at the beginning of semester.	n. defined by the coordi hysiology, pathophysi	nator of the			
requirements:		and invasion					
Outcome category		Learning outcomes:	Learning outcomes relative to the course outcomes	Impact on the course outcomes			
Knowledge	W1	Student knows definitions and concepts in the field of general pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and experimental pharmacology	A.W.16	3			
	W2	Student knows the detailed pharmacology of organ drugs in relation to about 150 active substances including: pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, side effects and contraindications in the main species of domestic animals	A.W.16	3			
	W3	Student can classify about 300 active substances together with their assignment to the appropriate ACTVet group (including 3 level of classification);	A.W.16	3			
	W4	Student understands drug interactions and polytherapy	A.W.16	3			
	W5	Student knows in the basic level pharmaceutical law, including in the field of writing medicines on the prescription	A.W.19, B.W.7	3			
	W6	Student understand the issues of drug impact on the environment and the problem of drug residues in products of animal origin	A.W.16, B.W.21	3			
Skills	U1	Student is able to use the drug to achieve the desired changes in the healthy body	A.U.4, B.U.13	3			
	U2	Student is able to choose the right drug to modify the body's functions in a given pathological condition	A.U.4, B.U.13	3			
	U3	Student can write the medicinal product on the prescription	B.U.10	3			
	U4	Student is able to calculate a withdraw period for the drug	B.U.10	3			
	U5	Student is able to communicate knowledge in the field of drug action and justify the choice of drug for treatment	A.U.12, A.U.13	3			
	K1	Student uses medicines in a responsible manner	KS.1	3			
Competences K2		In the selection of the drug student is primarily guided by the well-being of the patient	KS.2, KS.4	3			

	1/2	Charles time information of section at		KS.4, KS.8	1
	К3	Student finds information about new drugs,	m/ 2000000		
	K4	Student is involved in the progress of new drugs pharmacolo the differences between drugs based on their own observations.		KS.5	1
	K5	Student deepens the knowledge necessary for further educa	tion	KS.4, KS.8	1
Objectives of the modul required to obtain learn effects:		Topics of lectures: Pharmacodynamics general principles and definition. [2 hours] Drug acting on musculo-skeletal system. QM03 Muscle relax: Drug acting on central nervous system. QN01B Anesthetics, I QN01A Anesthetics, general. [2 hours] QN02 Analgesics. [2 hours] QM01 Anti-inflammatory and antirheumatic products (NSAIE QH02 Corticosteroids for systemic use. [2 hours] QA alimentary tract and metabolism. QA02 Drugs for acid rel QA05 Bile and liver therapy. QA08 Antiobesity preparations. Drugs effect on GIT in ruminants. QC10 Lipid modifying agen Drug acting on cardiovascular system. QC01A Cardiac glycosi QC01C Cardiac stimulants excl. cardiac glycosides. QC01D Va QC03 Diuretics. Fluid electrolyte therapy. [2 hours] QR Respiratory system. QB Blood and blood forming organs. Topics of seminars: Organization of pharmacology laboratories. Basic concepts o (Pharmaceutical Law Act). ATCvet. classification. [2 hours.] Veterinary prescription. Rules for writing drugs on a prescrip Pharmacology of autonomic nervous system — adrenergic. [2 Pharmacology of autonomic nervous system — adrenergic. [2 Pharmacology of autonomic nervous system — cholinergic. [2 QN05 Psycholeptics part 1: QN05A Antipsychotics, QN05B Ar QN05 Psycholeptics part 2: QN05C Hypnotics and sedatives, QN03 Antiepileptics. QN06 Psychoanaleptics, QN51 Products Drug acting on gastrointestinal tract. QA03 Drugs for function QA07 Antidiarrheals [2 hours] QA04 Antiemetics and antinauseants [2 hours] Drug acting on cardiovascular system. QC02 Antihypertensive Vasoprotectives [2 hours] QC07 Beta blocking agents, QC08 Calcium channel blockers, system [2 hours] QC01B Antiarrythmics. Recapitulation group QC [2 hours] QC01B Antiarrythmics. Recapitulation group QC [2 hours]	ants. [2 hours] ocal. [2 hours] D). [2 hours] lated disorders QA15 Appetite ts. [2 hours] des. [2 hours] sodilatators us [2 hours] f drugs and me tion. [2 hours.] 2 hours] 2 hours] 2 hours] 2 hours] nxiolytics Alpha-2 agonis 6 for animal eut nal gastrointes es. QC04 Perip QC09 Agents a	s. [2 hours] e stimulants. [2 hours] sed in cardiac dise edications. Legal p thanasia [2 hours tinal disorders. Q heral vasodilators cting on the renir	ease. [2 hours] provisions [2 hours]] [A06 Laxatives, s, QC05 n-angiotensin
Assessment methods:		Written colloquium, written short test conducted at the beginning of the seminars, assessment presentation prepared by the student.			
Detail description of assessment methods		1 / Written colloquium with open descriptive questions and test questions (multiple choice test). The number of questions, the proportions between the type of questions and the scores for individual questions may vary depending on the difficulty of the questions. The sum of points obtained at the colloquium is expressed as a relative percentage scale, where 100% is the maximum of points that can be obtained at the colloquium. The scope of knowledge checked at colloquia includes lecture and seminars topics. There is no minimum of points necessary to pass the colloquium. Two colloquiums (K1 and K2) are planned. Student can get 100 percentage points from each colloquium. Each colloquium has two terms. Each student has the right to write colloquium two times, regardless of the result obtained. The result obtained from the next term cancels the result from previous term of the given test. An absence on the first term gives the right to re-schedule this term. Absence on the second term does not result in setting another term. The percentage points from each colloquium are converted into grades according to the following scale: Percentage points Grade 0-30 0,0 31-39 1,0 40-44 1,5 2,0 50-60 3,0 61-70 3,5 71-80 4,0 81-90 91-100 5,0			

	2 / Assessment of work on seminars in module 1 consists of: (a) assessment of presentations prepared by the student as part of their own work on a topic assigned by the teacher and (b) assessment of preparation for seminars. (a) The assessment of presentations prepared by the student as part of their own work is given on a scale of 0 to 5. The assessment is given based on compliance with the topic and correct answers to the questions asked. (b) The assessment of preparation for seminars consists of the following events: assessment of the discussion during seminars, assessment of solving a problem assigned by the teacher during seminars, assessment of written tests conducted at the beginning of the seminars. Only one grade can be given for each seminars and it is a grade on a scale of 0 to 5. If several assessed events occurred during a given class, then at the end of the class the average of the assessments is calculated. The final grade for the work on seminars in module 1 (C1) is calculated at the end of the semester and is the average of the grades awarded during the semester, with the grade for presentations being counted three times No extra assessment methods are anticipated. In case of unforeseen, unusual circumstances mandatory remote teaching and remote assessment methods			
Formal documentation of learning outcomes:	might be adopted. eHMS entry. Records collected in the course portfolio i.e. individual records of student results, presence lists, database of			
	oral and written questions, written assessments of the students.			
Elements impelling final grade:	The final grade, entered into eHMS, is calculated from the formula: $ [\text{K1}*0.45] + [\text{K2}*0.45] + [\text{(C1-2)}*0.2] $ where: K1 - grade from colloquium 1, K2 - grade from colloquium 2, C1 - assessment of the work on seminary to the table below:			
Teaching base:	Lecture halls, seminar rooms at SGGW			
Mandatory and supportive mate (1) Veterinary Pharmacology and (2) Handbook of veterinary phar	<u>l</u>			

ANNOTATIONS

Quantitative summary of the module:

Estimated number of work hours per student (contact and self-study) essential to achieve presumed learning outcome of the module - base for quantifying ECTS:	es 100 h
Total ECTS points, accumulated by students during contact learning:	4 ECTS